

A STUDY OF THE LORD'S SUPPER

I. INTRODUCTION

* Who can participate in the Lord's Supper? Are there any prerequisites?

II. THE SYMBOLISM OF THE LORD'S SUPPER

A. The Bread

1. Unleavened dough pictured the _____ of sin, and it would undergo _____ heat to become bread, and the bread was then _____ by human hands to eat.
2. Christ's body was _____ by human hands, but He also experienced the _____ of God, and thus suffered physically, mentally and spiritually for our sins. (John 6:35)

B. The Cup

1. Wine was obtained by the _____ of the grape, which was usually trodden down by men's feet (Neh. 13:15; Job 24:11); thus, wine was sometimes referred to as the "_____ of the _____" (Gen. 49:11; Deut. 32:14).
2. In the Old Testament the substitutionary _____ animal sacrifice was the only way one could approach God and receive _____. (Lev. 17:11; Heb. 10:4)

III. THE PURPOSE OF THE LORD'S SUPPER

A. The Remembrance of His PERSON

1. Jesus knew His followers would be prone to forget, so He gave _____ a very simple command, "*Do this in _____ of _____.*" (Luke 22:19; 1 Cor. 11:23-26)

2. The sole purpose of the Lord's Supper is to concentrate your mind's _____ and your heart's _____ on the Person of the Lord Jesus to the _____ of all else.

B. The Remembrance of His BODY and BLOOD

1. The bread and the wine are divinely designed to call the Christian's attention to the horrors of the cross, and consequently, the enormous _____ of your personal _____.
2. *"But He was wounded for _____ transgressions, He was bruised for _____ iniquities; the chastisement for _____ peace was upon Him, and by His stripes _____ are healed."* (Isa. 53:2-7)

C. The PROCLAMATION of the Lord's Death

1. The word "*proclaim*" in 1 Corinthians 11:26 means to _____ or to _____ to anyone present the simplicity of the Gospel message.
2. The regular observance of this ordinance is to also proclaim to the individual believer (over and over again) the _____ of the Divine Substitute. (Heb. 9:22)

D. The ANTICIPATION of the Lord's Return

* From 1 Corinthians 11:26, why is communion only meant to "*proclaim the Lord's death till He comes*"?

* As a believer, what is your personal responsibility to the Lord's Supper?