

THE WICKED PLOT TO KILL THE JEWISH MESSIAH

(Luke 22:1-13)

A. JUDAS AGREES TO BETRAY THE LORD (Luke 22:1-6)

1. We must remember that as far back as Luke 9:51 (9:53; 13:22; 17:11; 18:31-33; 19:28) Jesus had steadfastly, purposefully _____ His _____ towards Jerusalem for this very hour.
2. Even though the seven-day *Feast of Unleavened Bread* was _____ from *Passover*, the two occurred _____ and they were often regarded as the same festival. (v. 1)
3. It is quite astonishing that these religious men committed history's greatest _____ during Israel's holiest festival; evidently, they had cleansed their homes of _____, but not their _____. (v. 2a)

* What was the chief priests' primary dilemma? (v. 2b)
4. Luke and John mentioned that "*Satan entered Judas,*" and perhaps their purpose was to underscore that Jesus' death was due to _____ than just _____ planning and scheming. (v. 3)

* What is both ironic and humorous about Satan's involvement in the crucifixion?
5. The chief priests were simply _____ that their _____ conspiracy would finally be realized because one of Jesus' own disciples would give them the time and place. (vv. 4-6)

B. JESUS PREPARES FOR THE PASSOVER MEAL (Luke 22:7-13)

1. In order to answer the controversy surrounding 22:7 and when Jesus observed the Passover, there is an important feature that needs to be understood...
 - a. *The Galilean practice*: Used by the Pharisees (also by Jesus and His disciples)
They observed the Passover from _____ to _____.
 - b. *The Judean Practice*: Used by the Sadducees
They observed the Passover from _____ to _____.

2. It is obvious that Christ was aware of Judas' scheming, as a result, only Peter and John were made _____ of the Upper Room's _____ as to avoid a premature arrest. (v. 8)

3. Jesus had perfect knowledge of the smallest detail of what they would find...
 - a. A man "*carrying a pitcher of water*" was highly _____, because only _____ carried water jars from the wells to the houses, while men carried water skins. (v. 10)
 - b. We can assume that this man (with the pitcher) was a _____ of our Lord, he probably would have known the " _____ " and His disciples by sight. (v. 11)
 - c. The Passover was eaten with specific _____ while _____ on couches, and typically in companies of ten or twenty people; consequently, a lot of preparation was necessary. (v. 12)

4. Jesus' omniscience of these detailed interactions with this man who showed them the Upper Room should have _____ the _____ of these two future leaders of the coming Church. (v. 13)

* How can you apply this truth today in your own life?