CHRIST TEACHES ON ENTERING THE KINGDOM

(Luke 13:18-30)

A.	JE	SUS TEACHES ON THE NEED FOR REPENTANCE (Luke 13:1-5)	
B.	TH	HE PARABLE OF THE FRUITLESS FIG TREE (Luke 13:6-9)	
C.	JE	SUS HEALS A WOMAN ON THE SABBATH (Luke 13:10-17)	
D.	TWO PARABLES ON THE EARTHLY KINGDOM (Luke 13:18-21)		
	1.	Since many in the synagogue responded to Jesus' miracle, He gave them additional by teaching them about the coming Messianic kingdom. (vv. 18-30)	
	2.	The parable of the "mustard seed" taught that even though the, visible perception of the kingdom was obscure and hardly distinguishable, it would continue to until it would eventually consume the entire world. (vv. 18-19)	
	3.	The parable of "hidden yeast" emphasized the influence of the kingdom; while leaven (the kingdom) is hidden from sight in the dough (the world), it will be evident when it eventually (vv. 20-21)	
Е.		CSUS TEACHES ON ENTERING THE EARTHLY KINGDOM (Luke 13:22-30) Throughout this latter section in Luke, the theme of entering into the kingdom is often symbolized as taking part in a or (13:24-30; 14:7-24; 15:23; 17:7-10)	
	2.	To indicate movement and separation in his narrative, Luke reminded us that while Jesus was "teaching" He was also "journeying toward," His destination— the . (v. 22)	

	Jesus did not answer the question directly, but He said the "gate" to the kingdom was "," which is what He taught rather than the way of the religious leaders. (vv. 23-24, cf. Matt. 7:13-14)
	* Why would Jesus use a word like "strive" when talking about entrance into the kingdom?
4.	To the Jewish mind, was always related to the, the way they needed to enter it was by accepting their Messiah by faith.
5.	In Jesus' story of the banquet, there was coming a time when the of the kingdows going to be, which should have urged His audience to respond immediate rather than delay any longer. (v. 25)
6.	Christ was stating that being a mere of His, was not enough, His listeners needed to accept His invitation by before it was too late. (vv. 26-27)