A.

## JESUS' DIVINE AUTHORITY AS SEEN IN FORGIVING SIN

(Luke 5:12-26)

- I. JESUS CALLS HIS FIRST THREE DISCIPLES (Luke 5:1-11)
- II. JESUS HEALS THE SICK AND FORGIVES SIN (5:12-26)

The AUTHORITY of the Messiah on display as He CLEANSES the leper (5:12-16)	
1.	A "man who was of leprosy" was so desperate that he did not keep a safe distance from Jesus, but came to Him. (v. 12a)
2.	The leprous man identified Jesus as "" and he truly recognized that He had the to heal him, if only He were willing. (v. 12b)
3.	In several ways leprosy is a lot like sin
	a. Leprosy was a defiling skin disease that could be remedied by mere surface measures because it went much, much (Lev. 13:3; Rom. 1:21-27)
	b. Leprosy would spread and with its defilement if not contained. (Lev. 13:44-45; Rom. 1:28-32; 5:12)
	c. Lepers were looked on as people. (Num. 12:12; Eph. 2:1-5)
4.	Jesus did what no one had probably done in a very long time, He showed and "He put out His hand and him." (v. 13)
	* How do we reconcile the fact that a person was ceremonially unclean if he/she touched a leper according to Leviticus 13?
	* According to v. 16, what did Jesus consider to be of the utmost importance?

## B. The AUTHORITY of the Messiah on display as He FORGIVES sin (5:17-26) 1. This is Luke's first record of Jesus' interaction with the

1.	would become our Lord's primary opposition; they came out to hear Him  (v. 17)
2.	The paralytic man was unable to come to Jesus himself, but he was fortunate enough to have four faithful who diligently took him through the (vv. 18-19, cf. Mark 2:1-4)
	* Are you faithful in seeing the need to bring loved ones to the Savior?
3.	Throughout the Gospels Jesus repeatedly as He did here when He made the profound statement, "Man, your sins are forgiven you." (v. 20)
4.	Part of the Pharisees' reasoning was correct, "Who can sins but alone?" Unfortunately they did not draw the conclusion from Jesus' miracle. (vv. 21-22)
	It's much easier to say, "Your sins are forgiven" because who would really whether it happened or not? But then Jesus demonstrated that He had the and to do both. (vv. 23-24)
6.	The paralyzed man responded "" by, and things were miraculously reversed, the stretcher had carried the man, but now the man carried the stretcher. (v. 25)
	* What was the usual response by the people in this crowded house?
	* What can you personally apply from this passage?