

“THE GOOD SHEPHERD WHO GIVES HIS LIFE FOR THE SHEEP” (John 10:1-21)

- I. THE PROLOGUE: INTRODUCING JESUS CHRIST (1:1-18)**
- II. THE INTRODUCTION: WITNESSING ABOUT JESUS CHRIST (1:19-51)**
- III. THE SIGNS SECTION: PROVING THAT JESUS IS THE CHRIST (2:1-12:50)**
 - A. Jesus Christ’s First Sign-Miracle in Cana of Galilee (2:1-12)**
 - B. Jesus Christ’s First Passover Prediction at the Temple in Jerusalem (2:13-25)**
 - C. Jesus Christ’s Encounter with Nicodemus (3:1-21)**
 - D. Jesus Christ’s Humble Servant: John the Baptist (3:22-36)**
 - E. Jesus Christ’s Ministry in Samaria (4:1-42)**
 - F. Jesus Christ the Healer (4:43-5:18)**
 - G. Jesus Christ the Son of God and Son of Man (5:1-47)**
 - H. Jesus Christ the Bread of Life (John 6:1-71)**
 - I. Jesus Christ the Fulfillment of the Feast of Tabernacles (John 7:1-53)**
 - J. Jesus Christ the Light of the World (John 8-9)**
 - K. Jesus Christ the Good Shepherd (John 10)**

1. The ILLUSTRATION of Jesus Christ as the GOOD SHEPHERD (10:1-6)

- a) The Good Shepherd Discourse in John 10 is a continuation of Christ’s address to the _____ in _____.

** Why is this context important?*

- b) Christ uses the illustration of a _____, a door, sheep, a Shepherd, and thieves to convey spiritual truth about a person’s relationship to God.

** Why didn’t the Pharisees understand this illustration?*

2. The INTERPRETATION of Jesus Christ Being the GOOD SHEPHERD (10:7-21)

- a) The fact that Jesus Christ is the _____ of the sheepfold (10:7, 9) means that eternal life comes _____ through Him. (Gen. 6:16; John 14:6; Acts 4:12; Matt. 7:13-14)

** Does the Bible teach the doctrine of Inclusivism?*

** Why is Jesus Christ alone the sole object of saving faith?*

b) The thieves and robbers in Christ's illustration were the _____. (10:8-9)

** Has religion ever been the friend of Jesus Christ?*

** What does religion provide in contrast to Christ?*

c) As the Good Shepherd, Jesus Christ gave up His life _____ (*hyper*) the sheep. (10:11-15)

** What does the preposition hyper indicate in John?*

** How is this term used in the rest of the NT?*

** Which view of the atonement does John's Gospel teach and why does it matter?*

d) As the Good Shepherd, Christ _____ every one of His sheep. (10:14)

e) The sheepfold of the Good Shepherd includes not only saved _____ but also saved _____. (10:16)

** How was Christ's prediction in verse 16 fulfilled?*

f) As the Good Shepherd, Christ was in _____ of the timing of His death and even had power over His own _____. (10:17-18)

** What does this indicate about His deity?*

g) As a result of Christ's teaching in the Good Shepherd Discourse, there was _____ among the people. (10:19-21)

** How does all of this apply to you?*