THE INCONSISTENCY OF THE TONGUE

(James 3:7-12)

I.	SPEECH AND DIVINE WISDOM (3:1-12)					
	A.	A. James Uses Several Examples of the Uncontrollable Nature of the Tongue (3:1-6)				
	В.	The Untamable Tongue (3:7-8)				
			Ancient civilizations took pride in their ability as humans to be able to (or tame) nearly every of creature known to man. (v. 7)			
			Wilder than any animal, the tongue resides in its den behind your teeth; no can tame it, but the can. (v. 8)			
			a. The tongue reveals the heart, it is "unruly" or, and it can certainly be used for			
			b. Like the "poison" of a serpent (Ps. 140:3), the tongue is loaded with the of hate and gossip that can a meaningful relationship. (Prov. 11:9)			
	C.		e Inconsistency of the Tongue (3:9-12) In his final indictment against the tongue in this section, James attributed to it that double			
			standard which he deplored so much			
			a. The man who is unstable in all his ways (1:7-8)			
			b. The person who shows to one over another (2:2-4)			
		,	c. Being justified by faith alone before God, but then to be justified by works before men (2:14-26)			

2. It	is that the same instrument from our bodies that is				
ir	the Lord, is also used to other people, who we the image of God. (v. 9)	ere made			
	mes states emphatically that this inconsistency in our Christian walk simply				
	Thile the believer presently has the indwelling Holy Spirit, and thus, the potential e tongue, he/she may not be this potential by				
	James declares the incompatibility of a <u>pure</u> heart and <u>impure</u> speech with a few illustrations; each of these are in the form of a rhetorical question, anticipating "No" for an answer				
a	In nature a spring does not bring forth fresh water and bitter water, but with the a Christian can bring forth both. (v. 11)	human heart			
b	In nature a fig tree cannot bear olives, but with a heart, both blessings and cursing come forth together out of the same being. (v.	12a)			
c.	In nature a spring cannot produce both fresh water and salt water, but there is so radically when the human heart forth both from the same mouth. (v. 12b)				