"THE LORD'S GOAL IS TO SEE CHRIST FORMED IN YOU"

(Galatians 4:17-20)

I.	PA	UL	DEFENDS HIS AUTHORITY AND THE ORIGINATION OF HIS GOSPEL (Gal. 1 & 2)
II.	PA	UL	DEFENDS JUSTIFICATION BY FAITH (Gal. 3 & 4)
	A.	The	PROOFS that the Gospel of GRACE is true (3:1-29)
	В.	Th	ne POSITION of SONSHIP in Christ (4:1-7)
	C.	Th	e PASTORAL CONCERN of Paul toward the Galatian Churches. (4:11-20)
		1.	Paul's pastoral concern regarding these believers and their current problems (4:11-12)
		2.	The Galatians' "initial" personal concern for their beloved apostle (4:13-15)
		3.	The Galatians' "present" coldness to the man who had led them to Christ and faithfully taught them truth (4:16)
		4.	Paul's description of the wolves among his sheep (4:17-18)
			a. The "they" mentioned in v. 17 is a reference to the who were presently deceiving these Galatian believers. (1:7; 4:17; 5:7, 10, 12; 6:12-13)
			b. The Judaizers enthusiastically these spiritually young believers, but it was not for their own spiritual or benefit.
			c. The legalists were pursuing the Galatians with ulterior motives to them from proper grace teaching, and as Paul wrote, "that you may be zealous"
			* How does a false teacher do this practically speaking?
			d. To be sure that he was not misunderstood, the Apostle clarified something regarding zeal;

to be _____ (with the right motives) in a _____

thing "(that honors the Lord).

a.	His affection for the saints in Galatia is expressed by the fatherly phrase, "my"
	* How does this reveal the apostle's current approach?
b.	His binding commitment to these believers is likened to, "inininin
	* What does he mean by this statement?
c.	His dedication for the Galatians was relentless ("until"), with the primary goal that, "Christ be"
	* How is this last phrase in v. 19 so crucial to understand Paul's overall argument against legalism?
d.	Paul's intense desire was actually to be with the Galatians, and to be able to his from one of correction and rebuke to that of encouragement.
	* Should the last statement in v. 20 give us cause for concern that Paul doubted their salvation?

* What does this phrase, "not only when I am present with you" tell us about Paul?