"O FOOLISH GALATIANS, YOUR EYES ARE NOT ON JESUS CHRIST!" Pt. 1

(Galatians 3:1-5)

I. PAUL DEFENDS HIS AUTHORITY AND THE ORIGINATION OF HIS GOSPEL (C
--

II.	PAUL DEFENDS	JUSTIFICATION BY FAITH	(Gal. 3 & 4)
11.	I II OL DLI LINDO		(Our J C T)

4:11-16)

1.		e Apostle severely the Galatian believers by calling them (3:1a)
	* V	Was Paul intentionally trying to be judgmental and hurt their feelings?
	* V	Vas Paul calling the Galatian believers intellectually stupid?
	a.	Definition of Legalism: Legalism is the mental attitude that seeks to or the blessings of God by religious rituals or good for either salvation or sanctification.
	b.	The Galatians are proof that Bible doctrine alone is enough; you must also learn how to biblically, based on sound doctrine and exercise spiritual throughout the process.
		(1) Sound doctrine is essential for proper spiritual and (2 Tim. 3:16-17)
		(2) Sound doctrine is the means of

	aul asked the rhetorical question, "Who has you, that you the truth?" (3:1b)	should not
* V	What is telling about the singular pronoun "who"?	
* 7	What does the word "bewitched" mean?	
Pai cle	aul the believers in Galatia that before their eyes, "Jesus learly portrayed among them as" (3:1c)	Christ was
* V	What message had Paul preached to them in the past?	
a.	Legalism naturally directs your attention to and your rather than the work of Christ.	
b.	Legalism shifts your focus to other, as youyourself with them; which usually results in a great deal of external	
c.	Legalistic practices essentially declare that Jesus Christ's was sufficient.	.S
d.	What the Apostle was trying to communicate was that the cross of Christ was for justification, but it is absolutely living the Christian life as well.	•
	for justification, but it is absolutely	