PAUL'S DEFENSE FOR THE TRUTH OF THE GOSPEL Pt. 2

(Galatians 2:6-10)

I.	PAUL DEFENDS	HIS AUTHORITY AND	THE ORIGINATION O	F HIS GOSPEL
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- A. PAUL'S INTRODUCTION (1:1-5)
- **B.** The Galatians DESERTION from the True Gospel. (1:6-10)
- C. Paul's HISTORICAL DEFENSE of the Divine Origin of the True Gospel (1:11-24)
- D. Paul's DEFENSE for the TRUTH of the Gospel at Jerusalem and Antioch (2:1-14)
 - 1. CONFERRING with the Apostles in Jerusalem (2:1-3)

2. CONTENDING with false b	orethren (2:4-5)
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a.	False brethren came to the meeting in SECRECY, and their purpose was two-fold (1) to out our which we have in Christ Jesus,				
	(2) and that they might us into				
b.	Paul and Barnabas' defense in v. 5 can be viewed three ways				
	(1) as to their posture, it was completely				
	(3) and as to their purpose, it was to maintain the of the Gospel.				
CC a.	CONFIRMATION from the Apostles (2:6-10) In v. 6 the phrase, "those who seemed to be something" is a reference to the at the church in (v. 6a).				
	* Why does Paul refer to them in this manner?				
	* What did the apostle mean by, "whatever they were, it makes no difference to no (v. 6b)?				
b.	Regarding the that Paul preached, and his understanding of to his doctrine (v. 6c).				

c.		From these two chapters there are minimally 3 realities that Paul and the other apostles shared together				
	(1:17)	they had the same apostolic,				
	(2:7)	they had the same,				
	(2:8)	they had the same by the Lord Jesus and the same (energeo) by the Holy Spirit.				
d.	sphere (uncircu	While Peter and Paul had the same message, each of them had a				
e.		ames and John heartily gave Paul and Barnabas the	_ of			
	* Why was the request for financial aid a further confirmation of Paul's ministry to the Gentiles (v. 10)?					
	* How o	can you personally apply this in your own life?				

* Did Peter and Paul preach two different Gospels (v. 7)?