"DOES GOD SOVEREIGNLY RULE THROUGH A SINGLE DECREE?"

1. The Calvinist Doctrine of the Divine Decree
a) Everything that comes to pass is the result of God's,,,
* What are the differences between the Calvinistic lapsarian views?
- supralapsarian (Lat. "above the fall")
- infralapsarian (Lat. "after the fall")
- sublapsarian (Lat. "below the fall")
b) As a result of the Divine Decree, God everything that comes to pass.
* What major problem does this present for Calvinism?
2. The Biblical Doctrine of God's Will and Decrees
a) Few things are said to be decreed by God in Scripture, including (Job 28:26; 38:10; Ps. 148:6; Prov. 8:29; Jer. 5:22), the day of (Ps. 2:7; Act 13:33 judgment in the (Zeph. 2:2), and king being judged with insanity (Dan. 4:24).

b) There are _____ references in Scripture to a single, universal, and eternal decree, including the passages normally appealed to by Calvinists. (Isa. 14:24, 27; 25:1; Lam. 2:17; Micah 7:20).

* But doesn't Ephesians 1:11 (cf. Phil. 2:12-13; Heb. 13:21) teach a universal divine decree?
c) Biblically, God's will regarding salvation is not and (John 3:16; 1 Tim. 2:4; 2 Peter 3:9)
* How do Calvinists interpret these passages and what are they really saying?
* How does Acts 27 illustrate the balance between God's sovereignty and man's responsibility?