

PAUL PREACHES JUSTIFICATION BY FAITH ALONE!

(Acts 13:13-41)

- I. THE BIRTH OF THE CHURCH IN JERUSALEM (chapters 1-2)**
- II. THE GROWTH OF THE CHURCH IN JERUSALEM (chapters 3-7)**
- III. THE CHURCH'S WITNESS FOR CHRIST IN JUDEA, SAMARIA, AND SYRIA (chapters 8-12)**
- IV. THE CHURCH'S WITNESS TO THE REST OF THE WORLD (chapters 13-28)**

- A. The Holy Spirit's Selection for the First Missionary Journey (12:24-13:3)**
- B. The Mission to Cyprus (13:4-12)**
- C. Paul Preaches in Antioch in Pisidia (13:13-41)**

1. After setting sail from Paphos the missionaries arrived in Perga; it is here that John Mark _____ Paul and Barnabas and went _____. (v. 13)

2. After leaving Perga, Paul and Barnabas proceeded north to Antioch (near Pisidia) in the Roman province of _____, where they _____ a synagogue on the Sabbath. (v. 14)

3. Luke provided one of the earliest known descriptions of the essential features in a synagogue service; it is here that Paul was _____ to stand up and _____. (vv. 15-16, cf. Luke 4:16-21)

4. Paul Preached Jesus as the Culmination of Jewish History (13:17-22)
 - a. God _____ Israel and approved of their stay in Egypt, and He was the One who _____ them. (v. 17)
 - b. The Lord dealt with Israel in the wilderness wanderings for _____ years! (v. 18)
 - c. Jehovah was with Joshua in the _____ and the _____ of the Promised Land in Canaan (v. 19 cf. Deut. 7:1)
 - d. The Lord gave Israel _____ for a period of 450 years (v. 20)
 - e. The people asked for a _____ and the Lord gave them Saul (v. 21), because of disobedience God removed him and gave the people His _____ for king, David (v. 22)

5. Paul Preached Jesus as the Fulfillment of Biblical Prophecy (13:23-37)

- a. Jumping ahead multiple decades, the apostle then highlighted David's _____ descendant- the Promised Messiah, the _____ (v. 23 cf. 2 Sam. 7:16-18; Isa. 11:1-16)
- b. John the Baptist preached _____ to the nation _____ the Savior came on the scene. (vv. 24-25 cf. Mal. 3:1)
- c. Paul appealed to both _____ and _____ in this synagogue to consider their most _____ when Jesus was falsely accused by the Jews and condemned by the Romans. (vv. 26-28)
- d. _____, with the crucifixion the Jews and the Romans were _____ biblical prophecy. (v. 29)
- e. After being laid in a tomb, _____ Him up from the dead, and He was _____ by hundreds of believers (vv. 30-32)
- f. Paul's whole point was that "*God has _____ for us their children*" in raising up _____; he then went on to quote three O.T. Messianic passages to support his claim. (vv. 33-37, cf. Ps. 2:7; Isa. 55:3; Ps 16:10)

6. Paul Preached Jesus as the Justifier of Sinners (13:38-41)

- a. The Jewish people were painfully aware of the damage of _____ in their _____ and in their own lives, but the only answer that they received from their leaders was more _____ external _____ to the Law of Moses.
- b. Paul offered not only an alternative, but the _____ an individual can have his/her sins forgiven, by believing on Jesus Christ you will be _____ by God. (vv. 38-39)
- c. Habakkuk 1:5 was a warning of the impending _____ that was coming to Judah by the Babylonians; Paul quoted it to underscore the _____ of failing to _____ on Jesus as the Savior. (vv. 40-41)

* Have you trusted in Jesus as your personal Savior?