## THE BIRTHDAY OF THE CHURCH!

(Acts 2:1-11)

## I. THE ADVENT OF THE SPIRIT AND THE BIRTH OF THE CHURCH

A.	Th	ne Holy Spirit Comes on the Feast of Pentecost (2:1-11)		
	1.	People gathered in Jerusalem for the annual Feast of Pentecost. (v. 1)		
		a. "Pentecost" is a Greek word, transliterated into English, that means "" because this feast was held after the Feast of Firstfruits. (Lev. 23:15-22)		
		b. Out of all the Jewish festivals, this particular feast was the one attended by		
	2.	While these believers were gathered together, "there came afrom" like that of "a rushing, mighty" (v. 2)		
	3.	Interestingly, the Greek word <i>pneuma</i> could be translated as either "", "breath" or "".		
	4.	What they was followed by what they; what looked like flames of fire appeared and settled on one of them. (v. 3)		
	5.	Even though Luke only mentions the of the Spirit (in 2:4a), we know that these believers were also and by the Spirit because of		

what Jesus promised (Acts 1:4-5; John 14:16-17). (cf., Acts 11:15-16)

6.	These believers began to speak with "other tongues"; this gift was given as the Holy Spirit gave them the ability. (v. 4b)		
	a. Tongues were the God-given ability by the Holy Spirit to in a foreign without the learning process.		
	b. The word "tongues" (Gk glossolalia) and "languages" (Gk dialektos) refer to of a country or district.		
7.	Apparently the "sound" of the or the drew the people to find the source of the sound; some of these Jews who had come to Jerusalem for the Feast were from the regions. (vv. 5-6a)		
8.	First these spectators were, "because everyone heard them speak in his own language"; but then they were and that the tongue speakers were Galileans. (vv. 6b-8)		
9.	In verses 9 thru 11, Luke named different geographical locations and clearly stated that the citizens of those places heard Peter and the others in they could		
	* What was the content of these divine utterances? (v. 11b)		
	* What can you personally apply from this pivotal passage?		