THE LIST OF DAVID'S MIGHTY MEN, AND THE THREE DAY PLAGUE

(2 Samuel 23-24)

II. III.	DA DA DA A. B. C.	VI VI VI Th EX Da	D'S MOVE TO HEBRON (2 Samuel 1-4:12) D'S REIGN OVER ALL ISRAEL AT JERUSALEM (2 Samuel 5-10:19) D'S MANY TROUBLES (2 Samuel 11-20:26) D'S CAREER – ILLUSTRATIONS IN AN EPILOGUE (2 Samuel 21-24:25) the Gibeonites are finally AVENGED for a Broken Treaty (21:1-14) KPLOITS of David's heroic soldiers against the Philistine GIANTS (21:15-22) twid sings a SONG of DELIVEREANCE to Jehovah God (22:1-51) the last WORDS of David (23:1-7)
		1.	The narrator described David as a Judahite from the house of Jesse, the of the God of Jacob, and the sweet of Israel.
			* Out of the 150 Psalms how many have been attributed to David?
		2.	In v. 3 David declared that from God's perspective there were two necessary attributes that were to be present in the ideal king
			a. first he was to be a just and {tsaddiyq} man in conduct and,
			b. second he was also to rule in the {yir'ah} of the
		3.	David expressed his in the God of Israel that His would consummate the "everlasting" that He had established in 2 Samuel 7:12-16.
	Е.	Th	e loyal and heroic SOLDIERS of David (23:8-39)
		1.	David's soldiers are described as "" men; they were his elite fighting force which was made up of total valiant men.
		2.	The first brave men listed on the roster Adino, Eleazor, and Shammah distinguished themselves from the others in that they killed a great number of the Philistines during battles which Israel would have otherwise

	3.	The extraordinary military of Abisahi and Benaiah are also highlighted with the reputation as men who were fearless warriors; in addition we are informed that Abishai was the of the "".
		* Which one of David's "named" soldiers is missing from this list?
F.	Da	avid stops a divinely sent PLAGUE (24:1-25)
	1.	The numbering of the people with a consensus in ancient times was usually done to collect for the nation and for men into the military.
		*What motivated David to number the people?
	2.	Although Joab protested the idea he was by the king, and he and his men went throughout the land of Israel and the people.
	3.	After nine months and twenty days of census taking Joab presented David with the final numbers; hundred thousand adult males in Israel and hundred thousand males in Judah.
	4.	After receiving the final tally of potential males that could be drafted into the military, David was deeply of his
	5.	Through the prophet Gad, David was graciously informed that he had options to choose from for punishment for his crime, and he chose door number three, which was a three day
		* How is David's shepherd's heart seen in v. 17?
		* In what way did the Lord use this evil for good in the end?
		* What can you apply from these two chapters in the life of David?