

GOD MAKES AN UNCONDITIONAL COVENANT WITH DAVID

(2 Samuel 7)

- I. DAVID'S MOVE TO HEBRON (2 Samuel 1-4:12)
- II. DAVID'S REIGN OVER ALL ISRAEL AT JERUSALEM (2 Samuel 5:1-10:19)
 - A. The elders of all the tribes of Israel ANOINT David as the KING (5:1-5)
 - B. David CONQUERS Jerusalem (5:6-8)
 - C. The Lord BLESSES David as King in Jerusalem (5:9-16)
 - D. David DEFEATS the Philistines – TWICE (5:17-25)
 - E. David ATTEMPTS to MOVE the Ark of the Covenant from Kirjath-jearim to Jerusalem (6:1-11)
 - F. David SUCCESSFULLY MOVES the Ark of the Covenant to Jerusalem (2 Sam. 6:12-23; 1 Chron. 15)
 - G. God promises to BLESS the house of David FOREVER (2 Sam. 7:1-17; 1 Chron. 17:1-15)
 1. David _____ to Nathan the prophet what had been on his mind lately; since he lived in a palace, and the Ark of the Lord dwelt in a tent, he contemplated _____ a _____ for Jehovah.
 - * Was this a wise decision on David's part to discuss this issue with Nathan?
 2. The Lord _____ in David's plans, and spoke with Nathan that very night; and he told his prophet to tell the king that the answer was, "_____."
 3. Jehovah took David on a short walk through Israel's _____, and his humble beginnings as a _____ boy, and reminded him how He (the Lord) promoted him to _____.
 4. God informed David what He would eventually do for His people Israel in the future...
 - a. I will appoint a _____ for My people (v. 10a),
 - b. I will establish them in a place of their _____, and they will _____ be _____ (v. 10b),
 - c. I will _____ all of their enemies (v. 10c)

5. The Lord promised what He would do for His servant David...
 - a. *I will establish your "HOUSE"*, which is a reference to David's _____ (v. 16a)
 - b. *I will establish your "KINGDOM"*, meaning a literal _____ kingdom (v. 16b)
 - c. *I will establish your "THRONE"*, this would ultimately be fulfilled in two ways...
 - 1) the *immediate* fulfillment of this covenant applied to _____ (vv. 13-15)
 - * How do we know this is referring to him?
 - 2) the *ultimate* fulfillment of this covenant is a reference to _____ (v. 16c)
 - * How is this seen in the text?
 - * How much of this covenant depended on David's obedience or ability?

H. David PRAISES the incomparable God (2 Sam. 7:18–29; 1 Chron. 17:16-27))

1. David sat down to have a _____ with the Lord, and he _____ asked Him, "*Who am I, O Lord God? And what is my house, that You have brought me this far?*"
2. Instead of _____ about the fact that he would not be able to build God a temple, David _____ in the unconditional promise of future blessings and acknowledged the Lord's greatness (7:18-24).
3. In verses 25-29 David concludes his prayer with a _____ that God would confirm the covenant forever in order that _____ name might be forever magnified.
 - * Why is this chapter so important?